

ASSIGNMENT-HISTORY NATIONALISM IN INDIA

KHILAFAT AND NON COOPERATION MOVEMENT

- Q.1 What was Khilafat issue?
- Q.2 Name two leaders of Khilafat movement.
- Q3. What was the idea behind noncooperation movement?
- Q4. When did congress adopt the programme of non cooperation?
- Q5. What does the term Boycott means?
- Q6. "Swaraj meant different things to different people". Explain with the help of examples.
- Q7. How did the non cooperation movement spread in towns? Write in points.
- Q8. Non cooperation movement in the movement in the cities slowed down for variety of reasons. State them.
- Q9. Who led peasants in Awadh? What were their demands?
- Q10. Write a short note on Baba Ramchandra.
- Q11. How did tribal peasants interpreted the idea of swaraj?
- Q12. What did swaraj mean to the workers in plantations?
- Q13. Which slogan was raised by the plantation workers?
- Q14. Which incident made Gandhiji call off non-cooperation movement?



ASSIGNMENT-CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE MOVEMENT

- Q1. Why was Swaraj party formed? Name its leaders.
- Q2. Which two factors shaped Indian politics towards late 1920's?
- Q3. Why was Simon commission sent to India? Why did Indians object to it?
- Q4. Which slogan was raised during Simon commission?
- Q5. Who were radicals/Name some.
- Q6. When was demand for 'Puran Swaraj' formalised?
- Q7. What is the significance of 26Jan 1930?
- Q8. 'Mahatama Gandhi sent a letter to viceroy Irwin on 31 Jan 1930'
What was it about? Which was the most stirring demand? What ultimatum did Gandhiji give to the Britishers?
- Q9. Write short on Dandi march/salt march.
- Q10. What marked the beginning of civil disobedience movement?
- Q11. How was civil disobedience movement different from noncooperation?
- Q12. What happened during civil disobedience movement?(events) How did government react to it?
- Q13. Who led civil disobedience movement in Peshawar?
- Q14. What was Gandhi-Irwin pact?
- Q15. Why did Gandhiji call off civil disobedience movement and why did he relaunch it?

- Q16. Why did rich peasant communities were enthusiastic supporters of civil disobedience movement?
- Q17. How did poor peasantry respond to the civil disobedience movement?
- Q18. Why were the relations between the poor peasantry and the Congress remained uncertain?
- Q19. How did the business class relate to the civil disobedience movement?
- Q20. Name some prominent industrialists of 1920's. What did they do to organize their interests?
- Q21. Why did industrial working classes did not participate in large numbers in civil disobedience movement?
- Q22. 'An important feature of the civil disobedience movement was the participation of Women'. How did they participate?
- Q23. What were the views of Gandhiji and congress on the position of women?
- Q24. What was the other name given to untouchables by Gandhiji?
- Q25. What did Gandhiji do to emancipate harijans?
- Q26. 'Many dalit leaders were keen on different political solution to the problems of their community'. What was this solution/
- Q26. Write a note on Poona Pact.
- Q27. Who was B.R. Ambedkar? What did he do for Dalits?
- Q28. 'Muslim political organisations's response was lukewarm to the civil disobedience movement'. Why?

RISE OF INDIAN NATIONALISM ONE MARKS QUESTIONS

1. when did Rowlatt Act come into being?
2. When did Gandhiji return to India from south Africa?
3. What was Inland Immigration Act? when and why did Gandhiji withdraw non-cooperation movement?
4. Who formed Swaraj party?
5. What do you mean by Picketing?
6. When and where was 'poorna swarajya' demanded?
7. Which two associations were formed by Dr. Ambedkar for Dalits?
8. When and who started Khilafat movement?

3 MARKS QUESTIONS

What do you understand by satyagrah?

Why was civil-disobedience movement launched? (circumstances)

What do you understand by Poorna swarajya?

'Dandi march was a form of civil-disobedience movement'. Justify.

What was the role of INA in freedom struggle movement?

Which important decisions were taken in the Lahore congress?

When was Gandhi-Irwin pact signed? What were its two features?

Write steps taken by Ambedkar to improve the conditions of dalits in India.

How did Gandhiji popularized the idea of swaraj in the plantations?
Write three causes of revolt by peasants.

4 MARKS QUESTIONS.

20. Jallianwala bagh, rowlatt act, Poona pact.

21. Why did Gandhiji withdraw non-cooperation movement?

22. Salt satyagrah was an effective tool against British rule. Justify.

23. Why was Simon Commission appointed?

24. What do you understand by Khilafat & non-cooperation movement. Name their leaders.

25. Why did different groups of people participate in non-cooperation movement? Give four reasons.

26. Which symbols were used by the nationalist leaders to unite people?

27. Different groups of people joined civil-disobedience for different reasons.

Write about them.

28. Write about the limitations and shortcomings of civil-disobedience movement.

29. How did events during the first world war contribute to our freedom struggle movement?

NATIONALISM IN INDIA- ASSIGNMENT CH-3(HISTORY)

Q1. 'The First World War created new economic and political situation'. What were the changes?

Q2. What do you mean by forced recruitment?

Q3. What was Gandhiji's idea of satyagrah? Name the regions where he successfully organized these movements in India?

Q4. What was Rowlatt Act? What was Gandhiji's reaction to it?

Q5. Dyer explained his object was to 'produce a moral effect', to create in the minds of satyagrahis a feeling of terror and awe. Which incident is referred to in above lines and what were its results?

Q6. What was Khilafat movement?

Q7. What was the idea behind starting Non-cooperation by Gandhiji?
Write three stages in which it was launched.

- Q8.Name the famous book in which Gandhi declared that British rule was established with the cooperation of Indians.
- Q9.Who was the leader of the militant guerilla movement in Andhra Pradesh?
- Q10.Who was known as 'Frontier Gandhi'?
- Q11.What was the total length of Dandi March and how many days it took to complete the march?
- Q12.What is the full form of FICCI?
- Q13.What was the view point of Mohd. Ali Jinnah towards civil disobedience movement?
- Q14.Why muslim community's attitude was lukewarm towards civil disobedience movement?
- Q15.Which factors contributed to the creating of sense of collective belonging among Indians? OR What were the factors of rise of nationalism in India?
- Q16.What does nationalism means?
- Q17.What is the contribution of figures and images in growth of nationalism?
- Q18.In what ways Indian folk tales developed the ideas of nationalism?
- Q19.Who wrote the famous hymn 'Vande- Mataram'?
- Q20.Name the novel written by Bankim Chattopadhaya?
- Q21.Who wrote the famous Tamil folk tales 'The Folklore of Southern India'?
- Q22.How icons and symbols inspired the people of India for nationalism?
- Q23.In what way reinterpretation of history created a feeling of Nationalism?
- Q24.How did Abanindranath Tagore portray Bharat Mata in his painting?
- Q25.Trace the history of Indian flag upto 1947?